WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

WARRINGTON, January 19, 1 a.m. For the Gulf States, Tennessee and Ohio valleys, partly cloudy weather, southeast to southwest winds, rising barometer lower temperature, falling decidedly in the Ohto valley, and rain, followed by clearing weather in the eastern Gulf States.

CLOSING BATES Yesterday of cotton and gold: New Yurk, cotton, 13; Memphis, 121. New York, gold closed at 1124; Memphis, 1114.

How will Morton, who is to wave his bloody shirt to-day, like this, which we get through the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnatil Enquirer, who says that " Senator Alcorn, of Missisagainst the Ames regime in his State, "and expressing the opinion that the "time has come when designing and "comupt men from other States backed "by the ignorant element, can no "longer control a single southern State. "He is free in the expression of the be-" Hef that intimidation was used during "the last political campaign in Missis-"sippi, but has no hesitation in saying into the constitution, as follows: No person who has held, or may hereafter hold, the office of President shall ever of the oppression which the people again be eligible to said office. Made "suffer from a bad State government | the special order for Tuesday nex'. "and ignorant and vicious rules gener-"ally." Now let Alcorn tell Morton | would offer a substitute. that to his teeth and we will be satisfied.

It is worth remembrance by Blaine and his party that the call for a Re- of the United States may be made bepublican convention to nominate a fore a clerk of a court, and such declara-President of the United States is tions heretofore made are declared legal headed with the name of "George ject of the bill was simply to restore the E. Spancer, of Alabama," a notorious law to what it had been before the printpolitical regue, sitting dishonestly in the ing of the revised statutes, in which the renate of the United States-and his fol- word clerk had been accidentally omitlowers are like unto him, Clayton, of Arkansas; Packer I, of Louisiana; "Addition, Division and Silence" Kemble, of Pensylvania! These are the men, statutes, relating to claims for abandoned properly. It authorizes the court of claims to take jurisdiction of the absolute control of the Republican party claims of all persons who were infants, in the United States; and the organs of married women, idiots, funatics, insane the selministration are not ashamed to persons, or who were beyond the seas at proclaim that the choice of Cincinnati as the place of meeting for the Republican convention is thought to favor the on file within two years. re-nomination of Grant, because it will secure the preponderance of these particular vagabonds in the councile of the party of "great moral id-as!"

instructive document, and we must say to abolish capital punishment. Laid on n a'l cander, does him infinite credit | the table. It makes a plain exhibit of the liabilities and assets of the city-which are following were introduced and referred: both fearful in amount-and shows by comparison the saving in taxes and the duties on imports shall be collected expenses inaugurated during his administration to be so large as to excite our special wonder. Por instance, the revenue collected in 1873 was \$706,313 41, while that for 1874 was \$462,489 55, and that for 1875, \$449,896 49. The expenses for 1874 were \$458,559 73, higher than any year since 1870 by several thousand dollars, while that for 1875 six hundred dollars, and no allowances. was only \$254,773 82. Of course Mayor Frippin cannot be expected to keep on reducing at this rate, but he will no doubt see to it that there is no increase upon it and that refrenchment and reform are carried out in every depart-

THE full text of the bill introduced by Colonel Young, providing for the building of the Memphis custom-house, is published under the head of Washinghensive, plain and to the point, and we ana. hope will pass both houses. Memphis has in this respect been too long neglected by the government, and should not be any longer, in view of the putlic necessities and interests. We are quite sensible of the obligations of our party to do nothing that will increase, but everything to decrease, the public expenditures and burdens. In this case, only revitaliz s and strengthens acts already passed, and that have long since ascured the general public sanction and

IF Boston and Richmond can be stirned by Anna Dickiuson in the same week; if Wendell Philips, eloquently talking of "Lost arts," can soothe American buncombe Lost arts "can soome American concentred in Cheveland and Memphis in one fortnight; if even Josh Billings can excite laughter from savanish to Philadelphia, there will be such a brotherhood and such a community of interest between the two sections as we have never had before.

The above, from a bosby editorial in a place in the APPEAL only to be cor- the civilized world. rected so far as "Phillips and his Lost Arts' are concerned." The great Boston crater has not been down this way yet, but if he will come we will guaran- woo, Two Rivers and Sheboygan. tee him a werm and generous reception and full houses.

lature are still equal to any infamy. To- chair, on the Centennial appropriation wit: Sypher, Republican, effered a resolution yesterday to declare vacant the ten days without permission of the sen- and that there could be no extremity of ate. This resolution is intended to financial distress that ought to cause an vacate the seat of Senator James B. Eastis, elected to the United States, now on his way to Washington. The reso- was valueless without national honor. lution lies over under the rules, and will likely be passed to day.

THE New York Herald's Washington correspondent announces that "Colonel H. C. Young, of the Memphis (Tenn.) district, has promised to speak at length in favor of the Centenulal appropriation during the week. He sarved in the Confederate army under General Forrest, and his influence with the southern Democrats is great. He is considered one of the best speakers in the Tennes- | that the irr.tating discussion of last week see delegation, and among the ablest men in the south,"

Our congressman, Hon. Casey Young, tration to the many already given on the twelfth instant introduced a bill of how utterly impossible it is for some for the acceptance by the government of | people to understand and appreciate the the land donated by the city and the and his associates acquitted their northbuilding of a custom-house for which one million dollars is to be appropriated, work to be commenced not later than fully "for 'twas transparent" the mowork to be commenced not later than fully "for 'twas transparent" the mothe twenty-fourth of Msy pext.

strengt en the ballef that the Conserva- were too good patriots and too sincere tives have triumphed, and that the re- men to allow that spirit either to control public is said from the extremistsmonarchists and radicals.

St. Louis, Janua, vis.—John Gann's lowed. One element in the flouring and his wife's millinery store, at Bunker Hall, Lilinois, burned yesterday. Loss, two hundred thousand yesterday. Loss, two hundred thousand bad as aligned, and taken the fire which view of the troops followed.

THE "Boston boys" are down at Normotic business, and milinery administration of Pennsylvania. After the by the house of representatives in the last congress, the course pursues in the last congress, the course pursues in delivered his inaugural address. A redollars; no insurance.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Credentials of Eustis, of Louisiana, Presented - A Lively Skirmish -Davis's Proposed Investigation of the Treasury.

Amendments to the Constitution and the Revised Statutes-List of Bills Introduced in the House Vesterday.

" sippl, speaks with considerable feeling | The Centennial Appropriation-Speeches of Messrs. Wood and Waddell-Appeal to Southern Members-A Hit at

Blaine.

HOUSE. Mr. Knott from the judiciary com-

of the committee, gave notice that he

Mr. Ashe [N. C.], from the same committee, reported a pill to amend the revised statutes. It provides that a decla-ration of intention to become a citizen

ted. The bill passed. Mr. Ashe, from the same committee, reported a bill to amend section ten hundred and sixty-nine of the revised the time of the seizure of any abandoned or captured property; provided, such claims already on file or shall be

Mr. Lawrence made the point of order that the bill must first be considered in committee of the whole. The point was sustained by the speaker, and the bill was referred to the committee of the

Mr. Lawrence, from the same com-THE message of Mayor Losgue is an mittee, reported back adversely the will

> The speaker proceeded with the call of States for bills for reference, and the By Mr. Riddle: Providing that half of in lawful money; declaring United States bonds to be payable according to the proper legal construction of the laws nder which they were issued.
>
> By Mr. Hunter: To fix the legal rate of interest on national money throughout

the United States at not exceeding six By Mr. Baker: Fixing the pay of members of congress at three thousand By Mr. Auderson: Fixing the pay of members of congress at four thousand

By Mr. Henderson: For the construction of the Illinois and Mississippi canal. By Mr. Whiting: To repeal the tax on

By Mr. Hatcher: For the improvement of the Mississippi river between St. Louis and Cairo. By Mr. House [Tenn.]: To restore to the persion rolls the names of pension-

ers which were struck off for disloyalty. By Mr. Fuller: For the establishment ton, in another column. It is compre- of the southern judicial district of Indi-By Mr. Cannon [III.]: Providing a

penalty for mailing obscene matter, and prohibiting lottery circulars from pass-By Mr. Hartzell: For the payment of

port dues of import duties in legaltender notes. By Mr. Glover: Extending the jurisdiction of United States circuit courts in suits against corporations.

By Mr. Bland: To exclude the State of Missouri from the provisions of the however, we have this to rest our claims | act of May 10, 1872, to promote the deupon, that the bill of Colonel Young velopment of mining resources; also giving to the State of Missouri all lands therein selected as swamp and overflowed lands.

By Mr. Franklin: For branch mint By Mr. Phillip: For public building

in Jefferson city.

By Mr. Weishire: To establish the adicial district of Oklahoma. By Mr. Oliver: To reduce the interest

on public debt, and provide a uniform currency, and limit the amount thereof, and make it equal in value to specie. Also to call a junt convention of all the civilized nations, for the purpose of establishing a uniform system of weights the New York Herald of Monday, finds and measures and coinage throughout

By Mr. Williams: For the improvement of Kenosha and Raime harbors By Mr. Burchar [Wis]: For the improvement of the barners of Manta-By Mr. Lutrell: To prevent the nat-

uralization of Chinese and Mongo laus. The house then-three o'clock-went into committee of the whole on the THE Radicals of the Louisiana legis- state of the Union, Mr. Wood in the bill, and was addressed by Mr. Hopkins, chairman of the select committee, who argued that the national honor was inseat of any senator who absents himself volved in the success of the exhibition, American congress to faiter in voting an appropriation to preserve the good name of the government, as national unity Referring to the national advantages of the celebration he said that one of those would be to show that southern men were neither dukes of Alva or Spanish inquisitors, but were men and brethren. I'ge spirit of '76 would bring its influence on the people, and under that influence all animosities and all angry memories would fale away. The passage of the pending bill by the aid of these, the sincerity of whose patriotism

had been unjustly questioned, would conduce to that consummation s) devoutly to be wished. Mr. Waddell said if it were supposed would have driven southern men away from the support of this measure, he sincerely trusted that the result of the vote would only add another filusspirit that animates other people. He tive which underlay the introduction of that subject, and straching to that

THE latest dispatches from Paris in regard to the result of the election are indefinite, but enough is given to withstanding the spirit exhibited, they them or serve as an example for them; they wished to maintain the honor and character of the American Union, and they would do it if they were al-ST. Louis, January 18.-John Gaunt's lowed. One element in the house had

the gentleman from Maine [Mr. Blaine] bud opened on them, with no other feeling than that of gratitude for having esesped from so terrible an enemy as he Mr. Blaine | mu-t have teen during the battles of the late war. It, now, when

that gentleman's bair was silvering, and his natural force is perceptibly abating, he could develop such intensity of spirit, how must his plume have waved in the fore-front of that conflict which had occurred at a time when he [Blaine] was young, strong and nealthy. That element had not yet spoken. It could not be goaded into a discussion; on the contrary, it had exhibited a spirit which he believed the American people would not soon forget. It had met a storm of hate and persecution as the swan meets the billows with its brea-t of down. He knew some gentlemen who had served in the same cause with him who had not intended to vote for

happiness of the people.

Mr. Sheckly offered an amendment the Fourth of July and on Thursday of each week Mr. Willis opposed the bill as uncon-

the government was pledged in the mat-Mr. Hewitt [N. Y.] and Mr. Crittenden speke in support of the bill. With-Mr. Frye, on behalf of the minority

rol of any school fund or school lands these words: "Neither shall money raised by taxation in any State be appropriated for the maintenance of any sectorian school or sectarian institution." railroad sct, approved July 1, 1862; the secretary is also directed to require from said companies repay-The house, at five o'clock, adjourned.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 18. - The chairman laid before the senate a communication from the secretary of the inerior, inclosing a report from the comaissioner of Indian affairs in answer to the resolution of the senate of the thirteeuth, in regard to the books kept by the Indian agents, in compliance with section 10 of the Indian appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1876. Ordered printed and to lie on the table. Senator Tourman presented the cre-dentials of James B. Eustis, claiming his seat as senator from Louisiana, which he sent to the clerk's desk and had read. The document consisted of ong extracts from the proceedings of the Louisiana legislature. Before the reading was finished, Senator Conkling inquired who certified to these papers? Senator Thurman replied that the papers were voluminous, and it was not

the Louisiana house of representatives. and the senator who presided at the of the association, it was too soon to ag-Senator Cookling said that the act of congress stated that the credentials of A SHOWING OF THE CONDITION OF THE any one claiming a seat in this body must be certified to by the governor of the State. He argued that papers just presented the senate did not present a prima facio case, and not be-ing the credentials authorized by the statute, he submited that they ought not to be read as such in the senate. Senator Morton said that he was not in the senate when the papers purporting to be the credentials of Mr. Eastis were read. He asked for that matter to be

dollars, with mucage at ten cents per laid over till to-morrow morning. Senator Tourman said these papers howed the title of Mr. Eustis to a seat. He did not ask to have him sworn on these, but only asked to have his case referred to the committee on privileges and elections. Senator ('onkling argued that the parers presented were irregular and were papers upon which the senate

could not act upon as a constitutionary orima facie case. Senator Thurman denied that were irregular, unpapers less it was in the absence of the gov-ernor's certificate, and that what he submitted was not an irregularity, as the act of congress had been strictly complied with in the election of Mr. Eustis. The papers showed that a majority of the aggregate number of the two houses were present, and also that a majority of those members voted. The whole question before the senate would turn on whether or not a vacancy existed in the Louisiana sena torship. If the senate should decide that Pinchback was entitled to a seat there would be an end to these papers, but on the other hand if the senate shou'd decide that Pinchback was not

entitled to a seat the claim of Eustis must be considered. Senstor Sherman suggested that the papers be printed in record as if they nad been read in the senate, and the matter be laid over till to-morrow so the senate could go on with the morning business now. This suggestion was agreed to, and it was ordered that the papers be printed in record and laid over

until to-morrow. The chair laid before the senate the memorial of the Democratic-Conservative convention of Louisiana, held January 6, 1876, concerning the election and condition of the State of Louisiana.

Senstor Goldthwaite said that he found on his desk some namphlets in the Spencer case. He felt a delicacy in presenting them to the senate, as they were made up of newspaper testimony at best. He asked, however, that they e referred to the committee on privieges and elections, which committee

had charge of the case of Senator Spen-Snator Harvey introduced a bill to extend the provisions of the act to settle the accounts between the States and the State of Mississippi, approved March 3, 1875, to other States, and explained that the object of the bill was to adjust the claims of certain States in regard to their per centage on the sales of the pub-

lie lands, etc. The morning hour having expired, the senate resumed the consideration of the resolution submitted by Senator Davis on Wednesday, to appoint a special committee to investigate the books and accounts of the treasury department, which occupied the remainder of the session, the discussion being particisted in by Senators Boutwell, Davis, Morton and others. Pending the discussion, at a quarter past four o'clock the senate went into executive session, and

FRANCE.

Effect of President MacMahon's Procismation-Republican Newspapers Delighted-No Enthusiasm.

it produced no effect, and in political circles the prevalent opinion is that it leaves things where they were. Satisfaction is generally felt at the adjustment of the ministerial crisis, but it is utterly devoid of enthusiasm.

Inauguration. Hartranft was to-day inaugurated as tician." In the light of the action taken had sat silent, and taken the fire which | view of the troops followed.

WASHINGTON.

West's Pacific Railroad Bills Amendment-Blaine for President-The Memphis Customhouse Bill.

The Effect of Blaine's Opposition to General Amnesty Disastrous to him as a Presidential Aspirant.

WEST'S PACIFC RAILROAD BILLS. WASHINGTON, January 17.-Senator this measure before that discussion, but who now intended to support it, so as to set an example of patriotism. If there were any of them who still opposed this bill, he appealed to them to unite with half of the compensation for services him in doing an act which could only rendered to the government by the promote the honor and advance the interests of the country and the peace and quired to be applied to the payment of the government bonds issued to aid the construction of their roads. The bill that the entrance to the Centennial then provides that, from and after its grounds and buildings shall be free on enactment, all compensation for services rendered the government by the Pacific rai road company shall be applied to the payment of bonds issued to, stitutional, and denied that the faith of and interest paid and to be paid for, said company until the whole amount is fully reimbursed to the United States government. Senator West's bill, to recover from the Central and Union out taking any action on the bill the committee rose.

Mr. Williams [Wis.] introduced a tary of the Treasury to require payment proposed amendment to the constitu- from them of the sum of three million tion. Referred. It is supplementary to the amendment proposed by Mr. Blaine, which prohitits the distribution or conthe bill asserts that bonds of the United to or by sectarian schools, and is designed to extend to prohibition. It is in excess and in violation of the limitation prescribed by section eleven of Pacific

ment of all interest coupons of said bonds which have been paid by the United States since their issue, and the value of all unpaid coupons attached to said bonds; and in case either of the said companies shall neglect or refuse to make such payment within sixty days after the demand is made on its treasurer, the secretary of the treasury shall certify that fact to the attorney-general, who shall institute proceedings to collect and otherwise obtain proper redress in respect of the same, in the proper circuit courts of the United States, and prosecute the suits with all convenient dispatch to a final determination. The bill further provides that such causes shall have precedence in the circuit or United States supreme courts over all

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS' CHOICE FOR THE PRESIDENCY. At the Pennsylvania Republican association meeting last night, a resolution certified to by the speaker and clerk of | Blaine as their choice for the Presidency, but as, in the opinion of a mejoricy itale the subject, the resolution was laid

> FREEDMEN'S SAVINGS BANK. The commissioners of the Freedmen's savings and treet company to-day for-warded to the senate a report of their operations since the assessments of the company were transferred to them. The report shows that the balances still due on loans amount to one million nine hundred and sixty thousand eight hundred and seventy-two dollar, exclusive of accrued interest on unpaid loans and certain expenses connected with said loans which plus one hundred and fittyseven thousand seven hundred and forty. four dollars. The balance to their credit in the United States treasury constituted the remaining undistributed assessments

of the company. THE MEMPHIS CUSTOMHOUSE. In the house of representatives, January 5, 1876, Mr. Casey Young, on leave, introduced the following bill, which was read twice and referred to the committee on public buildings and grounds:

A bill to provide for the building of a Custom-nouse, Postoffice, Courtrooms, and so forth, in the City of Memphis: Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Tust the lot or parcel of ground in the city of Memphis, in the State of Tennessee, granted and donated by ordinance of the general council of said city, and by act of the legislature of said State of Tennessee, for a site upon which to erect a customhouse, postoffice, bonded warehous 3, and courtrooms, be, and the same is hereby accepted by the government of the United States for the purpose afore said; and the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed to cause a building suitable for a custom house, bonded warehouse, postoffice and courtrooms to be erected on said lot of ground as provided for by act of Congress, approved February 21, 1873, at a cost not to exceed one million dollars: and it is further directed that the supervising architect shall prepare plans and specifications for said building immediately, and the secretary of the tressury shall cause the actual construction of the same to be commenced prior to the

twenty-fourth day of May, 1876. Section 2. That the act of Congress approved February 21, 1873, entitled "An act to provide for the building of a custombouse, and so forth," in the city of Memphis, in the State of Tennessee, and for other purposes, be so amended as to authorize the secretary of the treasury to sell the lot of ground now owned by the government of the United States, on the corner of Jefferson and Third streets, in the said city of Memphis, Tennessee, for eash, within six months from the passage of this act, after advertising for bids for a period of thirty days in two papers published in the city of Memphis, and in such other manner as he may deem proper; and the proceeds arising from such sale he shall add to the several sums of money now in the treasury, heretofore appropriated by former acts of congress for the construction of the building aforesaid, and use the entire sum for that purpose.

BLAINE CRIPPLED BY AMNESTY. New York Tribune.] WASHINGTON, January 14. - " Mr. Blaine has crippled the Democratic party and it jured nimself by his course in regard to the amnesty bill," is the al-most universal comment made in Washington. The only portion of the Republican party with wnom Mr. Blaine has gained popularity during the pest week is the ultra-Radical wing, most largely represented in the south, which is already leaning toward Senator Morton as a candidate for the Presidency, if it is not in fact committed to him. Mr. Blaine's performances since Monday are very generally characterized as those of a demagogue, and not those of a states-man. "I came to Washington," said one of the clearest-headed and most lib-eral-minded of the Democrats to-day, looking upon Blaine as the future leader of the Republican party. If that par-LONDON, January 17.—Paris advices ty was to remain in lower, I preferred to see him elevated to the posi-

minority would be so skillfully mar- Judge Rogers to twenty years in the penitentiary. His counsel defended him in a recent trial before a jury on the cilables, delighted with its recognition of the republic, and appeal for a fair trial and careful of its policy and its acts. of the constitutional laws. At the bourse But day by day my estimate of Blaine grounds of insanity, but the jury disahas been lowered. His whole course since Monday has not appeared to me like that of a sincere man. I do not, of course, deny his great ability, his spien-did powers of oratory, or the possession of those qualities which fit him to be a oox, formerly of Auderson's mercantle house, St. Louis, was arrested here yes-terlay, charged with the forgery and leader on the floor of the house; but embezzlement of fifteen thousand dolevery day he seems to me less and less HARRISBURG, Pa., January 13 .- J. T. a statesman, and more and more a poli-THE "Boston boys" are down at Nor-

conditions, was reported unanimously from a committee controlled by the Republicans, and of which Mr. Blaine was chairman. It was passed by the house, no opportunity being given for debate or amendment. No new light has been gained on the subject since; no good reason exists now for making an exception against Jeff Davis which did not then exist, and which was not then known. Mr. Blaine, if he was opposed to the bill in the form in which it was then presented, as he now says he was, did not make that opposition known. The fact that he was speaker did not

prevent him from doing so. He might have left the chair and taken the floor f r that purpose. He might have secured the services of some other member to do it for him, or, as presiding officer, he might have thrown obstacles in the way of its passage for the moment until he could have an opportunity to make his opposition known. But he did none of these thirgs. For these reasons the Democrats hold that his course has been wholly inexcusable. REPUBLICANS DISSATISFIED WITH MOR-

New York Tribune.] WASHINGTON, January 14.-There is good deal of augry comment here among Pennsylvanians and others who are opposed to Cincinnati as the city in which to hold the Republican national convention regarding the manner in which it is alleged Mr. Morton and his friends manipulated the executive committee. These persons say that Mr. Morton not only acted indelicately, being himself a candidate, in serving on the committee at all, but that it was unfair in him to become the advocate of a place supposed to be favorable to his ambition. Comment even goes so far as to say he packed the committee in his own interest. Six of Mr. Morton's collesgues were present, either as principais or substitutes, actively working in his interest—namely, Messrs Clayton, of Arkansas; Ingalis, of Kansas; Mitchell, of Oregon; Spencer, of Alabama; Conover, of Florida, and Patterson, of South Carolina, and, in addition, United States Treasurer New, of Indiana, served as proxy for Wyoming, and an-other friend as proxy for Colorado. Ac-

cording to members of the committee he had every carpetbag vote except that of Marshal Packard, of Louisiana, who was in favor of Philadelphia, because he thought that was a good place for the "third-term" plant to take root. The number of votes before Mr. Morton's victory was declared showed that the fight was long and bitter, and it is claimed that had not the Indiana senator been present in person he would have lost. Mr. Spencer is an acknowledged and open third-termer, and it was his desire Grant and Philadelphia; but Mr. Morton is the chairman of the committee gation of the manner in which Mr.

on privileges and elections, and that committee is charged with the investi-Spencer became a senator. Governor Caffin of Massachusetts, voted steadily with Mr. Morton, to the surprise of some of his friends. It is thought that Philadelphia would have had a larger vote than Chicago on the next ballot, and would u timately have been chosen, had it not been for Wm. H Kemble, the Pennsylvania member of the commit-

MISSISSIPPI.

Lamar Elected United States Senator

Special to the Appeal.]

Republican Movements,

themselves by endeavoring to influence

Warner, for the effect it would have in

other quarters. Another wing sought

to have Alcorn indorsed in that way,

but the Republicen members declined

to vote for any one, and were re-corded as present and not voting. Noth-

ing was done in either house, the day

being spent in discusting private relief

Jackson, January 18 .- The vote for

United States senator in the senate:

Lamar, twenty two; Martin, one; in

the house: Lamar, eighty-nine, the re-

publican members voting blank. At a

private caucus the Republicans decided

not to participate in the election of

senator on the ground that the late election was carried by traud and vio-

lence. One wing of the Republican

party desired to compliment Senator

Alcorn, while the other wing desired to

pay General Alexander Warner, late

chairman of the Republican executive

which Warner was treasurer.

could not stand the pressure.

mised by all hands voting blank.

sum of money, and the chief actors,

excepting Warner, have left the

State. The bill and publication of par-

were equally averse to vote for Alcorn,

therefore the whole matter was compro-

KENTUCKY.

Result of the Final Ballot for Senctor

-J. G. Beck Nominated.

CINCINNATI, January 18.-Frankfort,

Kentucky, advices are that at two o'clock this morning the Democratic

causus unanimously nominated Mr.

CINCINNATI, January 18-In the

Kentucky legislature, to-day, the eleventh ballot resulted as follows:

Beck, 106; Wadsworth (Republican),

ballot. Mr. Beak was duly declared

senator from the fourth of March. The

LOUISVILLE, January 18 -The Dem-

ocratic caucus having nominated Jas.

B. Beck, the name of John S. Williams

was withdrawn from the senatorial con-

test. The ballot resulted: J. B. Beck.

(Dem.) 106; Win. Preston, (Dem.) 4; Proctor Knott, (Dem.) 1; W. H. Wads-

worth, (Rep.) 14. Preston and Knott

were not candidates and were only voted

for by a few partial friends. Back will be senster for six years, commencing

March 4th, 1877. He has been identified with Kentucky politics for the last

ten years, and represented Ashland,

Henry Clay's old district, in the house

of representatives for six years after the

war. Mr. Beck is able and industrious,

Plead Guilty.

Forgery,

TORONTO, January 18 .- Albert Wil-

CHICAGO, January 18 .- In the crimi-

William Preston, 4: Proctor Knott, Williams was withdrawn before the

Beck for United States senator.

joint ression was then dissolved.

bills, none of which passed.

Press Dispatch.

tee, who, it is charged by Philadelphiaus, deserted his friends at the request of Mr. Cameron, who said to the Philadelphians that he did not want to antagonize Mr.

SOLICITOR

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. JACKSON, MISS., January 18 .- In the

senatorial election to-day Lamar re-ceived one hundred and eleven votes. Will practice in the Courts of Law and W Chancery in West Tennessee and Nor Mississippi, and give special attention to dections, conveyancing, etc. jai The Republican wire-workers here have created considerable dissension among NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS. Republican members to give a complimentary vote to Ex State Senator

> NOTICE is hereby given for competitory plans of a Courthouse to be erected in SOMERVILLE, FAYETTE COUNTY, TENN.'

TUESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1876, and no plan will be paid for unless the same

NOTICE. JACOB MARKS has been admitted to an interest in my business from January I, 187 ISAAC FRIEDMAN.

committee, and ex-State senator and major-general of militia that dis-tinguished honor yesterday. DISSOLUTION. The attorney-general filed a bill in THE partnership heretofore existing between Geo. A. Cheek and bantel Dugan, under the firm name and style of Cheek & Lugan, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Geo. A. Cheek retiring. Daniel Dugan is aione suthorized to sign in liquidation, collect and settle all outstanding business.

G. A. CHEEK. equity, bringing to light the doings of the notorious land grab and fraud cailed Pearl river navigation company, of scheme snatched from the State a large

settle all outstanding business.

G. A. CHEEK.

Memphis, Jan. 17, 1876. DAN'L DUGAN.

In retiring from the firm, I return thanks those who favored it with their parronage and hope my successor will continue to receive the patronage of all the old customer and many new ones.

GEU. A. CHEEK. ticulars created such a sensation that those who desired the compliment

AND LIVER PAD.



needy release from suffering.

Like everything valuable HOLMAN'S PAD being counterfeited. Buy none but those

Liver Complaint, Neuralgia, Headache, Dyspepsia, Rhoumatism, &c. &c. Price \$2.70. Will send by mail when druggists do not keep them. Send for book containing much tall table information about this wonderful curative.

Court at, 3 doors west of Jno. Gaston's. waf

NOTICE.

A Special Commiss oner appointed by the Chancery Court of Memphis, I will offer for sale, for sixty days, the property on north line of Union s reet, between Main and Second streets, at the alley, fronting 50 feet by a per cent, interest from date.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

OFFICE-36 Poplar street.

Dividend.

OFFICE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,) Memphis, January 12, 1878.)

Whemphis, January 12, 1878.)

WEN PER CENT, DIVIDE D HAS THIS day been declared by the Foard of District of this Company, on the paid up capital stock.

B. P. BULLING, Secretary.

Kni hts of Pythias. TENNESSEE LOUGE, No. 5. meets
TO-NIGHT, at their Castle Hall, 30
Second street, for work in the First
Rank. Transfert Knights and members of
lister lodges are cordishly invited.

JOSEPH LOCKE, C. C.
W. H. MOYSTON, K. of R. and S. Jalis

Knights of Honor.

THERE will be a special meeting of Mem-phis Lodge, No. 196, at New Masonic Hall, this (MEDNESDAY) evening, at 7 o'clock sharp, for the reception of petitions and ini-Fy order J. HARVEY MATHES, Dictator.

Itifiation Wednesday, January 19th, 7.30 pm.

MANUFACTURERS OF LUMBER, LATES AND SEINGLES HAVE ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF White Pine Doors, Sash, Elinds, White Pine Moldings, etc., all of first quality.

VENABLE & RAWLINGS,

SALESROOM, No. 14 UNION STREET. Sawmill, north of Bayou Gayoso, jal9

COPARTNER HIP NOTICE. THE undersigned having formed a copartnership, dating from January Ist, under the style of "Moore, Bassett & Co.," will transact a general business in House Building Materials, comprising Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Doors, Sash and Blinds. Parties desiring to purchase any goods in our line will find it to their interest to give us a call.

MOORE, BASSETT & CO.,
351 and 353 Second St., Greenlaw Operahouse, C. B. Moore, late Sup't Memphis Woodworks, G.T. Bassett, late Salesman Memphis Woodworks.

NOTICE IN BANKBUPTCY.

District of West Tennessee, ss.—At Memphis the 18th day of January, 1856. the 18th day of January, 1850.

THE undersigned hirreby gives notice of his appointment as assigned of D. H. Townsend, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upod his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

T. P. WINCHESTER, 48-ignee.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: 28 I will sell, to the highest bidder, SAT-URDAY, January 28th, at 11 o'clock, eight past-due *ipton *'ounty Bonds of \$500 cach, numbered 119 to 128 inc usive, issued January 1, 1889, psyable January 1, 1871, bearing inter-est from date of issuance, Sale corner Main and Madison. A. M. STODDARD, Auct'r.

SAFE INVESTMENT.

OCK PRIVILEGES one per cent. the mark t, at low rates, will pay large profit the next thirty days, on large or small nvestments. Gold, Stocks, Cotton and "o-bacco bought and sold on the most favorable Liberal advances on consignment Price lists and circulars free. CHARLES SMEDLEY & CO., Bankers and broker

40 Broad St., near Go d and Stock Ex., all dw (P. O. box 3774) New York M. D. L STEWART

Office in County Courthouse, Memphis.

to be presented to the Commissioners in Som-

and no plan will be paid for different the saint is adopted by the Commissioners.

"HOWAS R. COCKE,
J. L. PULLIAM,
W. BOYD,
EVAN GEORGE,
L. S. HAILEY,
H. C. MO. RMAN,
W. B. DORTCH,
January 17, 1876.

Commissioners.

The business will be continued at the old stand, under the firm of jail ISAAC FRIEDMAN & CO.

HOLMAN'S FEVER AND AGUE



Fevers and Agues, . Bilions Disorders,

FOUTE & BARTEAU,

Nos. 310 AND 312 FRONT STREET.

Blindbridles,

Crosscut Saws,

Laprings,

Caststeel.

Backbands,

Plowhandles.

ORGILL BROTHERS & CO.

HARDWARE.

Ag'ts for B. F. Avery & Son's Plows-orders filled from store or factory

Sole Agents for H. F. Blount's (the original and only genu ine

WE HAVE THE LANGEST STOCK IN THIS MARKET OF

Nails, Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' Pools, Builders' Hardware, Beiting,

Plantation Wagons, Etc., Etc.,

Collars,

Axes,

Sele Agents Wm. Clore's Wrought Calhoun Plows,

Doubletrees, Plowlines,

Owners of Mitchell Patent Cotton Scraper.

Urie Plow,

Siegletrees,

Plewbeams,

Hames,

Cievises,

TWENTY SIZES, WITH AND WITHOUT COPPER-LINED RESERVOIRS AND IRON HOT CLOSET. The most Economical, the most Durable, the Easiest Managed and Best Baking Stoves. The great variety and number of sizes offered in the Champion enables the purchaser to be suited in price and size. We also offer the CELEBRATED MONITOR, FOR COAL OR WOOD. as unsurpassable. Ten sizes, with Patent Reservoir and Iron Closet for heating water in Bath Rooms, can be attached to any size. Warranted to give satisfaction in all cases.

H. WETTER & CO.. Dealers in Stoves, Tinware, House-Furnishing Articles, Coal Oil, Lamps, Etc.,

13 and 15 Monroe St. : : Memphis, Tenn.

WHOLESALE

Grocers, Cotton Factors GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Nos. 260 and 262 Front St., Memphis, Tenn. CLOSING OUT Christmas and New Year's Goods!

HAVING DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT IN THE NEXT 30 DAYS

OUR ENTIRE SILK-ROOM STOCK, COMPRISING EVENING SILKS. BLACK CACHMERE SILKS, BLACK VELVETEENS. BLACK SILK VELVETS, CLOAKS AND JACKETS, LADIES' UNDERWEAR,

SILKS IN ALL NEW SHADES. SILK POPLINS, COLORED VELVETEENS, COLORED SILK VILVETS, SHAWLS IN GREAT VARIETY,

25 The above goods we offer at prices not to be duplicated anywhere in the South. #8" Blanke's, Marseilies Quilts, Coverlids, Plaid Linseys, Canton Flanneis and Cassimeres, at exceedingly low figures. and our entire stock at reduced prices. If you want bargains call at

TAYLOR, JOY & CO.,

NO. 312 MAIN STREET, OPP. PEABODY HOTEL, MEMPHIS.

L. Cochran & Co.,

(Successors to M. E. and J. W. COCHRAN,) Manufacturers of LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, DOORS, SASH

AND BLINDS. Office and Yard foot of Washington Street.

Salesroom No. 4 Howard's Row. Saw Mills in Navy Yard. Always have on hand a choice lot of Flooring, Cenning, Siding, Lattice Framing Fence and Dressed Lumber, Rough and Dressed Pickets, Cedar Posts, Lattis Shingles, Door and Window Frames, Houldlags, Etc.

W. A. WILLIAMS W. H. EADER. EADER

DOURS, SASH, BLINDS AND MOULDINGS. Office and Factory-358 and 360 Second Street, Memphis. Tennessee.

Floorings, Mantels, Mouldings, Ceiling, Lattice Work, Well-Tubing, Door and Window Frames, Westherboarding, Base-Boards, Turning, Shelving and Counters, Scroll Work, Newel Posts, Eallusters and Fence Pickets; all kinds of Lumber, rough and dressed; Lath and Shingles. Framing Lumber sawed to order on short notice.

Send for our Moulding Book and Price List.

COTTON FACTORS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, SALT AND NAIL AGENTS

No. 9 UNION STREET, Memphis, Tean.

Mr. W. T. BOWDRE has charge of the Cotton Department. AT WHOLESALE.

Staple and Fancy Groceries January 14, 1876. A. S. BROWN, jai5 Special commissioner 3 carloads Bulk Sides and Shoulders, 1800 cs caun'd Tomatoes and Sugar rm in three a nameured Hams, 1800 cases Penche-, Strawberries, 1 no

3 corloads Bulk Sides and Shoulers,
25 therees engarenced Hams,
25 boxes Brenklast Bacon,
450 boxes Brenklast Bucon,
500 pkg. Spiced Firstcet and Torques,
300 bits Fell-w and white Sugars,
200 tube Choice Butter,
200 tube Choice Butter,
200 tube Choice Butter,
200 tube Choice Butter,
200 bits and bits Sweet Cider, etc. 200 tubs Choice Butter, 300 bbis Yell w and white Sugars, 620 bbis, Fisur-various grades, 500 bbis, and bbis, Sweet Cider, etc., 500 bbis, and bbis, Sweet Cider, etc.

G. A. ECKERLY & BROS., COR. FRONT: AND UNION STS.